SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Vinyguard Silvergrey 88
UFI : 9380-V0F9-S00K-0WXK

Product code : 765
Product description : Paint.
Product type : Liquid.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Industrial use
Use in coatings - Professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun A/S Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd.

P.O.Box 2021 Stather Road

3202 Sandefjord Flixborough, Scunthorpe Norway North Lincolnshire

Tel: + 47 33 45 70 00 DN15 8RR Fax: +47 33 45 72 42 England

E-mail: SDSJotun@jotun.no

Tel: +44 17 24 40 00 00 Fax: +44 17 24 40 01 00

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.

Supplier

Telephone number : +47 33 45 70 00 Jotun Norway (head office)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Warning.

Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : Not applicable.

Prevention: P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapour or spray.

Response : P391 - Collect spillage.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

EUH208 - Contains fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine and Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
talc (non-asbestos form)	EC: 238-877-9 CAS: 14807-96-6	≥10 - ≤25	Not classified.	[2]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥10 - ≤24	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	EC: 231-072-3 CAS: 7429-90-5 Index: 013-002-00-1	≤5	Flam. Sol. 1, H228 Water-react. 2, H261	[2]
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≤5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119457610-43 EC: 200-578-6 CAS: 64-17-5 Index: 603-002-00-5	<1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 919-446-0 CAS: 64742-82-1	<1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1] [2]
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	REACH #: 01-2119971821-33 CAS: 147900-93-4	≤0.3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2,	[1]
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	REACH #: 01-2119974148-28 EC: 288-315-1 CAS: 85711-55-3	≤0.3	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373	[1]
silica, crystalline - quartz	EC: 238-878-4 CAS: 14808-60-7	≤0.1	STOT RE 2, H373 (lungs) (inhalation)	[1] [2]
propan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119457558-25	≤0.1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

	pooro	J		
	EC: 200-661-7 CAS: 67-63-0 Index: 603-117-00-0		STOT SE 3, H336	
vinyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119471301-50 EC: 203-545-4 CAS: 108-05-4 Index: 607-023-00-0	≤0.1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
cadmium	EC: 231-152-8 CAS: 7440-43-9 Index: 048-002-00-0	<0.1	Acute Tox. 2, H330 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 2, H361fd STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1] [2]
lead	EC: 231-100-4 CAS: 7439-92-1 Index: 082-013-00-1	≤0.1	Repr. 1A, H360FD Lact., H362 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10) See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine, Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

redness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

See Technical Data Sheet / packaging for further information.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
talc (non-asbestos form)	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable dust
ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 552 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Aluminium powder (stabilized) TWA: 4 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable dust TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust ethanol EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). TWA: 1920 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2005). STEL: 850 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: All forms cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Form: All forms EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 4/2020). TWA (RCP): 300 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: All forms TWA (RCP): 52 ppm 8 hours. Form: All forms EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). silica, crystalline - quartz TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). propan-2-ol STEL: 1250 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 999 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). vinyl acetate STEL: 35.2 mg/m3 15 minutes. TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 17.6 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

TWA: 0.025 mg/m³, (as Cd) 8 hours.

TWA: 0.15 mg/m³ 8 hours.

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).

DNELs/DMELs

cadmium

lead

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
xylene	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	· ·	population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	5	Inhalation	40 = /		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
	DAIEI	1 4	kg bw/day	population	0
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³		Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation	125 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLE	Long term Derma	bw/day	VVOINCIO	Cyclenno
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	:g		-,
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	· ·		
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	_		
talc (non-asbestos form)	DNEL	Short term	1.08 mg/m ³	General	Systemic

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

 <u> </u>		<u> </u>			
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	1.08 mg/m ³		Systemic
	5. IEI	Inhalation	4.6. 4.3	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1.8 mg/m ³	General	Local
	DAIEI	Inhalation	40 / 3	population	
	DNEL	Long term	1.8 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	2.16 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	2.16 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2.27 mg/	General	Local
			cm ²	population	
	DNEL	Short term	3.6 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	3.6 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.54 mg/	Workers	Local
			cm²		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	21.6 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	43.2 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day	_	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	160 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	160 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	DNEL	Long term	3.72 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	3.72 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	- · · - ·	Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	3.95 mg/	General	Systemic
	D	1	kg bw/day	population	0
zinc oxide	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	5. IEI		bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	- · · - ·	Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	D	1 4 .	0.5. / 2	[Consumers]	0
	DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	D	1	0.00	[Consumers]	0
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	D	1 4 .	0.5. / 2	[Consumers]	1 1
	DNEL	Long term	0.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	D. :=:	Inhalation	0.00	0	0
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	<u> </u>	•	•			
		DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
			Inhalation		population	
		DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
			Inhalation			
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	General	Systemic
				bw/day	population	
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
				bw/day		
	hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.5 mg/	Workers	Systemic
				kg bw/day		
		DNEL	Long term	151 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
			Inhalation	· ·		
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
				bw/day	population	
				-	[Consumers]	
		DNEL	Long term	32 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
			Inhalation	· ·	population	
					[Consumers]	
		DNEL	Long term Oral	7.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
				bw/day	population	
				-	[Consumers]	
	ethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	87 mg/kg	General	Systemic
				bw/day	population	
		DNEL	Long term	114 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
			Inhalation	Ü	population	
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	206 mg/kg	General	Systemic
				bw/day	population	
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	343 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
				bw/day		
		DNEL	Short term	950 mg/m ³	General	Local
			Inhalation		population	
		DNEL	Long term	950 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
			Inhalation	J		
		DNEL	Short term	1900 mg/	Workers	Local
			Inhalation	m³		
	hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,	DNEL	Long term	330 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics		Inhalation			
	(2-25%)					
	,	DNEL	Long term Dermal	44 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
				bw/day		
		DNEL	Long term	71 mg/m³	General	Systemic
			Inhalation		population	
					[Consumers]	
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	26 mg/kg	General	Systemic
				bw/day	population	
					[Consumers]	
		DNEL	Long term Oral	26 mg/kg	General	Systemic
				bw/day	population	
	,	- · · - ·			[Consumers]	
	fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers,	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.012 mg/	General	Systemic
	compds. with oleylamine	- · · - ·	<u> </u>	kg bw/day	population	
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.012 mg/	General	Systemic
		D	1	kg bw/day	population	0
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.024 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	Fattorials tall 18 const. 19	ראבי		kg bw/day	0	O. m.t. m. i i
	Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.012 mg/	General	Systemic
	oleylamine	חארי	Lama tama Dama	kg bw/day	population	Cymtamia
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.012 mg/	General	Systemic
		חאורי	Long town Dames	kg bw/day	population	Cyntonsia
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.024 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	propon 2 ol	חאורי	Long torm Dames	kg bw/day	Morkora	Systemis
	propan-2-ol	DNEL	Long term Dermal	888 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		DNE	Long torm	bw/day	Morkoro	Systemis
		DNEL	Long term	500 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
ı			1		1	ı

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

_					
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	319 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DINLL	Long term Dermai	bw/day	population [Consumers]	Systernic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	89 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	26 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	26 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	89 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	319 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	500 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	888 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
vinyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.42 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17.6 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17.6 mg/m³		Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	35.2 mg/m ³		Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	35.2 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	6.58 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-
ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	-
•	Marine	0.01 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	9.6 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	-
	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	Fresh water	20.6 μg/l	-
	Marine	6.1 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	52 μg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	117.8 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	56.5 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	35.6 mg/kg dwt	-
propan-2-ol	Fresh water	140.9 mg/l	-
•	Marine	140.9 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	2251 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	552 mg/kg dwt	_
	Marine water sediment	552 mg/kg dwt	_
	Soil	28 mg/kg dwt	_
	Secondary Poisoning	160 mg/kg	_

8.2 Exposure controls

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying to ISO 16321-1:2022 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Gloves

Wear suitable gloves tested to ISO 374-1:2016.

May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene (> 0.35 mm), butyl rubber (> 0.4 mm), PVC (> 0.5 mm)

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: 4H/Silver Shield® (> 0.07 mm), Teflon (> 0.35 mm), polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) (> 0.3 mm), fluor rubber (> 0.35 mm), nitrile rubber (> 0.4 mm)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387 (as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

Environmental exposure controls

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Aluminium, ,Aluminium red toned

Characteristic. Odour **Odour threshold** : Not applicable. Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

Lowest known value: 136.1°C (277°F) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average:

137.56°C (279.6°F)

Flammability Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: 0.8 - 7.6%

: Not applicable.

: Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F) Flash point

: Lowest known value: 280 to 470°C (536 to 878°F) (hydrocarbons, C9, **Auto-ignition temperature**

aromatics).

Decomposition temperature

pН

: Not available. Not applicable.

Viscosity Kinematic (40° C): >20.5 mm²/s

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble
hot water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

Vapour pressure : Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted

average: 0.95 kPa (7.13 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Evaporation rate Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.79compared

with butyl acetate

: 1.133 to 1.145 g/cm³ **Density**

Vapour density Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.7 (Air = 1)

Explosive properties Not available. : Not available. **Oxidising properties**

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3 Possibility of : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. hazardous reactions

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

10.5 Incompatible materials Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen. decomposition products

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine, Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
propan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
cadmium (non-pyrophoric)	LD50 Oral	Rat	2330 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Vinyguard Silvergrey 88 (MM-WCSE)	N/A	3212.0	N/A	42.5	N/A
xylene	4300	1100	N/A	20	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	N/A	N/A	17.8	N/A
ethanol	7000	N/A	N/A	124.7	N/A
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
propan-2-ol	5000	12800	N/A	N/A	N/A
vinyl acetate	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
cadmium (non-pyrophoric)	2330	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.05

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60	-
				microliters	
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
				microliters	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400	-
				milligrams	
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds.	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal -	-	-	-

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

with oleylamine propan-2-ol	Eyes - Moderate irritant Skin - Mild irritant	species unspecified Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams 500	-
	OKIII WIIIG II HAIR	rabbit		milligrams	

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
propan-2-ol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
vinyl acetate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Category 1	inhalation	central nervous system (CNS)
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine	Category 2	-	-
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	Category 2	-	-
silica, crystalline - quartz	Category 2	inhalation	lungs
cadmium (non-pyrophoric)	Category 1	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene ethylbenzene hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Potential acute health effects

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Other information : None identified.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Daggerblade grass shrimp - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7700 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Diatom - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Acute LC50 38000 µg/l	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
,	Acute LC50 120 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Embryo	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Coontail - Ceratophyllum demersum	3 days
zinc oxide	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Acute EC50 <10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
,	Acute IC50 <10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Acute EC50 <10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
,	Acute IC50 <10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
propan-2-ol	Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Harlequinfish, red	96 hours

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

cadmium (non-pyrophoric)	Acute EC50 0.109 mg/l Acute LC50 2.1 to 4.44 µg/l Fresh	3	48 hours 96 hours
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Conclusion/Summary

: Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene ethylbenzene zinc oxide hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) cadmium (non-pyrophoric)	- - - -	-	Readily Readily Not readily Not readily Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
zinc oxide	-	28960	high
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	-	10 to 2500	high
ethanol	-0.35	-	low
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-	-	10 to 2500	high
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,			
aromatics (2-25%)			
propan-2-ol	0.05	-	low
vinyl acetate	0.73	3.16	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Yes.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste catalogue

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	Waste catalogue	
CEPE Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint. Marine pollutant (zinc oxide)	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

ADR/RID

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Hazard identification number 30

Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

IMDG

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

IATA

The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category	
P5c E2	
E2	

National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
silica, crystalline - quartz	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	silica, respirable crystalline respirable fraction	Carc.	-
cadmium (non-pyrophoric)	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	Cadmium and cadmium compounds except cadmium oxide fume, cadmium sulphide and cadmium sulphide pigments as Cd	Carc.	-
lead	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	lead	Carc.	-

EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) -Air : Listed

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Industrial emissions : Listed (integrated pollution

prevention and control) -

Water

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
PBN = PEACL Paristration Number

RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Lighty flammable liquid and years
	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H228	Flammable solid.
H261	In contact with water releases flammable gases.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.

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SECTION 16: Other information

H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H362	May cause harm to breast-fed children.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications

At- T O	ACUTE TOVICITY, Code many 2
Acute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 1B	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EŸE ÎRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Flam. Sol. 1	FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 1
Lact.	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Effects on or via lactation
Muta. 2	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
Repr. 1A	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1A
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN ŤOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
Water-react. 2	SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES WHICH IN CONTACT WITH WATER EMIT FLAMMABLE
	GASES - Category 2

Date of printing : 27.03.2023 Date of issue/ Date of : 27.03.2023

revision

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Version : 1

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Date of issue/Date of revision : 27.03.2023 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 21/21