

(EC) 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) 2021/848

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Date of revision: 30.08.2022 Date of previous issue: 02.10.2020 Version number 8 (replaces version 7)

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- Trade name: Jotamastic 87 (1:1), Jotamastic 87 (1:1) Aluminium Wintergrade Comp. B
- · UFI: CWUF-EMJG-S004-2EAX
- · 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
- · Sector of Use Coating
- Application of the substance / the mixture

2-comp. epoxy paint, WG-Comp. B Uses in Coatings - Industrial use Uses in Coatings - Professional use

- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- Manufacturer/Supplier:

Nor-Maali Oy

Vanhatie 20, 15240 Lahti, FINLAND

- · Further information obtainable from: MSDS (Nor-Maali Oy) tel.+358 3 874 650, sds@nor-maali.fi
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number: Contact National Poison Center

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS02 flame

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.



GHS05 corrosion

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.



GHS09 environment

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



GHS07

Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

- · 2.2 Label elements
- Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

· Hazard pictograms









GHS02

GHS05

GHS07

GHS09

· Signal word Danger

· Hazard-determining components of labelling:

Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether, polymers with glycidyl tolyl ether and triethylenetetramine butan-1-ol

Phenol, methylstyrenated

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2-methylpropan-1-ol

· Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water

[or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

· 2.3 Other hazards

· Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: Not applicable.vPvB: Not applicable.

Determination of endocrine-disrupting properties

68512-30-1 Phenol, methylstyrenated

List II

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

- · 3.2 Mixtures
- · Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

<ul> <li>Dangerous components:</li> </ul>		
CAS: 99377-78-3 EC number: 620-324-1	Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether, polymers with glycidyl tolyl ether and triethylenetetramine Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317	10 - 50%
CAS: 1330-20-7 EINECS: 215-535-7 Reg.nr.: 01-2119488216-32-	xylene Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315	10 - 50%
CAS: 68512-30-1 EINECS: 270-966-8 Reg.nr.: 01-2119555274-38-	Phenol, methylstyrenated Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1B, H317; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	10 - 25%
CAS: 71-36-3 EINECS: 200-751-6 Reg.nr.: 01-2119484630-38-	butan-1-ol Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H335-H336	2.5 - 10%
CAS: 78-83-1 EINECS: 201-148-0 Reg.nr.: 01-2119484609-23-	2-methylpropan-1-ol Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H335-H336	2.5 - 10%
CAS: 90-72-2 EINECS: 202-013-9 Reg.nr.: 01-2119560597-27-	2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319	0.1 - 2.5%
CAS: 100-41-4 EINECS: 202-849-4 Reg.nr.: 01-2119489370-35-	ethylbenzene Flam. Liq. 2, H225; STOT RE 2, H373; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Acute Tox. 4, H332	1 - 2.5%

Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

- 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- General information:

Never give anything by mouth or induce vomiting to an unconscious person or a person who has convulsions.

After inhalation:

Remove person exposed to excessive solvent concentrations to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular, call national emergency number, if needed start giving artificial respiration and seek medical advice.

· After skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

After eye contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open.

· After swallowing:

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting.

- · Information for doctor: Treatment according to symptoms.
- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No further relevant information available.

• 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No further relevant information available.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents: Alcohol resistant foam, CO2, powders, water spray.
- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture No further relevant information available.
- 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate people from danger area and deny access to area. Remove containers from danger area and try to cool containers which cannot be removed safely. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contamined with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

· Protective equipment: Compressed air respirator and protective clothing.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

· 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb liquid components with liquid-binding material (sand, peat or other absorbent material). Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour

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concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. To dissipate static electricity during transfer, earth drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this preparation. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

 $\cdot$  Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Store in accordance with local regulations. Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not empty into drains.

- Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- · Further information about storage conditions: Keep container tightly sealed.
- · 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

8.1 Control	parameters
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_		h limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:	
	20-7 xyler		
L	FP Short-term value: 440 mg/m³, 100 ppm Long-term value: 220 mg/m³, 50 ppm Sk; BMGV		
71-36-	3 butan-	I-ol	
L	Short-term value: 230 mg/m³, 75 ppm Long-term value: 150 mg/m³, 50 ppm Skin		
78-83-	1 2-meth	ylpropan-1-ol	
L	Short-term value: 230 mg/m³, 75 ppm Long-term value: 150 mg/m³, 50 ppm Sk		
100-41	l-4 ethylb	enzene	
L		n value: 880 mg/m³, 200 ppm value: 220 mg/m³, 50 ppm	
DNEL:	S		
1330-2	20-7 xyler	ne	
Derma		L 180 mg/kg bw/day (Workers - Long-term systemic effects)	
Inhala	tive DNE	L 211 mg/m3 (Workers - Long-term systemic effects)	
68512	-30-1 Phe	nol, methylstyrenated	
Derma	I DNE	L 3.5 mg/kg bw/day (Workers - Long-term systemic effects)	
Inhala	ive DNF	L 1.41 mg/m3 (Workers - Long-term systemic effects)	

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71-36-1	3 butan-1-ol	(Contd. of page	
	Inhalative DNEL 310 mg/m3 (Workers - Long-term local effects)		
78-83-1 2-methylpropan-1-ol			
	ive DNEL 310 mg/m3 (Workers - Long-term local effects)		
	2 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol		
Derma			
	ive DNEL 0.53 mg/m3 (Workers - Long-term systemic effects)		
	,		
	-4 ethylbenzene		
Dermal	, ,		
innaiai	ive DNEL 77 mg/m3 (Workers - Long-term systemic effects)		
	442 mg/m3 (Workers - Long-term local effects)		
PNEC			
1330-2	0-7 xylene		
PNEC	6.58 mg/L (Sewage treatment)		
PNEC	12.46 mg/kg dwt (Fresh water sediment)		
	12.46 mg/kg dwt (Marine water sediment)		
	2.31 mg/kg dwt (Soil)		
PNEC	2.31 mg/kg (Soil)		
PNEC	327 µg/L (Freshwater)		
	327 µg/L (Marine water)		
68512-	30-1 Phenol, methylstyrenated		
	2.4 mg/L (Sewage treatment)		
PNEC	1,064 mg/kg dwt (Fresh water sediment)		
106.4 mg/kg dwt (Marine water sediment)			
PNEC	8.89 mg/kg (Secondary Poisoning)		
	212.2 mg/kg (Soil)		
PNEC	14 μg/L (Freshwater)		
	1.4 μg/L (Marine water)		
71-36-3	B butan-1-ol		
	0.082 mg/L (Freshwater)		
	0.0082 mg/L (Marine water)		
	2,476 mg/L (Sewage treatment)		
PNEC	0.324 mg/kg dwt (Fresh water sediment)		
	0.0324 mg/kg dwt (Marine water sediment)		
PNFC	0.0166 mg/kg (Soil)		
	82 μg/L (Freshwater)		
0	8.2 µg/L (Marine water)		
78-83-	1 2-methylpropan-1-ol		
	2 10 mg/L (Sewage treatment)		
	1.56 mg/kg dwt (Fresh water sediment)		
. 1420	0.156 mg/kg dwt (Marine water sediment)		
DNEC	,		
	C 0.0765 mg/kg (Soil)		
INEC	400 μg/L (Freshwater) 40 μg/L (Marine water)		
00.72.1			
	2 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol		
PINEC	0.2621 mg/kg dwt (Fresh water sediment)		
חאובס	0.026211 mg/kg dwt (Marine water sediment)		
	0.0254 mg/kg (Soil)		
PNEC	46 μg/L (Freshwater)		
	4.6 μg/L (Marine water)		



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(Contd. of page 5) 200 µg/L (Sewage treatment) 100-41-4 ethylbenzene PNEC 0.1 mg/L (Freshwater) 0.01 - 0.1 mg/L (Marine water) 9.6 mg/L (Sewage treatment) PNEC 13.7 mg/kg dwt (Fresh water sediment) 1.37 mg/kg dwt (Marine water sediment) 2.68 mg/kg dwt (Soil) PNEC 20 mg/kg (Secondary Poisoning) Ingredients with biological limit values: 1330-20-7 xylene BMGV 5.0 mmol/l creatinine Sampling time: post shift Parameter: methyl hippuric acid of urine 100-41-4 ethylbenzene BMGV 5.2 mmol/l creatinine Sampling time: post shift after working week or exposure period Parameter: mandelic acid of urine

#### · Additional information:

The information is based on the valid lists at the time of manufacture (Finland 654/2020).

- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Appropriate engineering controls No further data; see item 7.
- · Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
- General protective and hygienic measures:

Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the HTP, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Respiratory protection:

If ventilation is insufficient or if workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they must use half- or full mask with gas filter A (brown, organic substances), and when grinding P2 (IIb) -type dust filter. Mask with combined filter (gas & dust) A2-P2 must be used when spraying. In the continuous long-term work it is recommended to use motored air protector or separative protector (fresh air hood or compressed air hood or such).

Hand protection



Protective gloves

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

Material of gloves

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Recommended, gloves (breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber

Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

Eye/face protection



Tightly sealed goggles

The eye flushing device should be located near the the paint work area.

· Body protection: Protective work clothing

GB



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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

· General Information

Physical stateColour:Odour:Strong

· Odour threshold: Not determined. · Melting point/freezing point: Undetermined.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range 119 °C (71-36-3 butan-1-ol) Flammability Not applicable.

Lower and upper explosion limit

 Lower:
 1.1 Vol % (1330-20-7 xylene)

 Upper:
 7 Vol % (1330-20-7 xylene)

 Flash point:
 24 °C

Ignition temperature: 340 °C (71-36-3 butan-1-ol)

Decomposition temperature: Not determined. pH Not determined.

· Viscosity:

Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C
 Dynamic:
 > 20.5 mm²/s
 Not determined.

· Solubility

· water: Not miscible or difficult to mix.

· Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) Not determined.

· **Vapour pressure at 20 °C:** 6.7 - 8.2 hPa (1330-20-7 xylene)

Density and/or relative density

Density at 20 °C:
 Relative density
 Vapour density
 Not determined.
 Not determined.

9.2 Other information

· Appearance:

· Form: Fluid

Important information on protection of health and environment, and on safety.

• Auto-ignition temperature: Product is not selfigniting.

Explosive properties: Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapour mixtures are possible.

· Change in condition

· Evaporation rate Not determined.

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosives Void
Flammable gases Void
Aerosols Void
Oxidising gases Void
Gases under pressure Void

· Flammable liquids

Flammable liquid and vapour.

Flammable solids

Flammable solids

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Pyrophoric liquids

Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Void

Void

Void

gases in contact with water Void
Oxidising liquids Void
Organic peroxides Void
Corrosive to metals

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· Desensitised explosives

Void

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

- 10.1 Reactivity No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- 10.2 Chemical stability
- · Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- · 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

· 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

- · 10.5 Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

- · 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- · Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· LD/LC50	· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:		
1330-20-7	1330-20-7 xylene		
Oral	LD50	> 3,253 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	LD50	12,126 mg/kg (rabbit)	
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	27.124 mg/l (rat)	
68512-30-	68512-30-1 Phenol, methylstyrenated		
Oral	LD50	> 2,000 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 423)	
Dermal	LD50	> 2,000 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 402)	
71-36-3 b	71-36-3 butan-1-ol		
Oral	LD50	2,292 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	LD50	3,430 mg/kg (rabbit)	
78-83-1 2·	78-83-1 2-methylpropan-1-ol		
Oral	LD50	3,350 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	LD50	2,460 mg/kg (rabbit)	
90-72-2 2,	90-72-2 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol		
Oral	LD50	> 2,169 mg/kg (rat)	
100-41-4	100-41-4 ethylbenzene		
Oral	LD50	> 3,500 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	LD50	> 15,400 mg/kg (rabbit)	
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	> 17.629 mg/l (rat)	
		I .	

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

· Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

- · Respiratory or skin sensitisation
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Other information (about experimental toxicology):

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse

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effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Swallowing may cause nausea, diarrhea, vomiting, gastro-intestinal irritation and chemical pneumonia.

- · Additional toxicological information:
- · CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

Ethylbenzene may cause cancer to humans (carcinogenic, group 2B, IARC), but information available is insufficient for satisfactory estimate.

- 11.2 Information on other hazards
- · Endocrine disrupting properties

68512-30-1 Phenol, methylstyrenated

List II

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### · 12.1 Toxicity

· Aquatic	toxi	city
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#### 1330-20-7 xylene

48-h EC50 165 mg/L (Daphnia magna)

96-h LC50 26.7 mg/L (Pimephales promelas)

48-h LC50 86 mg/L (Leucuscus idus melanotus)

## 68512-30-1 Phenol, methylstyrenated

96-h LL50 25.8 mg/L (Fish)

48-h EL50 14 - 51 mg/L (Daphnia magna)

72-h EL50 | 15 mg/L (Algae)

#### 71-36-3 butan-1-ol

48-h EC50 1,328 mg/L (Daphnia magna)

96-h LC50 1,376 mg/L (Fish)

96-h EC50 225 mg/L (Algae)

### 78-83-1 2-methylpropan-1-ol

72-h EC50 593 - 1,799 mg/L (Algae)

48-h EC50 1.1 mg/L (Daphnia magna)

96-h LC50 1.43 mg/L (Fish)

# 90-72-2 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol

72-h EC50 46.7 mg/L (Algae)

48-h EC50 100 mg/L (Daphnia magna)

96-h LC50 100 mg/L (Fish)

## 100-41-4 ethylbenzene

48-h EC50 7.2 mg/L (Daphnia magna)

96-h LC50 4.2 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradation:

Xylene: readily

2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol: 4 %, 28 d -> no readily, OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closet Bottle Test

Ethylbenzene: readily

## · 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Xylene: LogPow = 3,12 (low)

2-methylpropan-1-ol: LogPow = 0,76 (low)

2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol: LogPow = 0,219 (low)

Ethylbenzene: LogPow = 3,15 (low)

- 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT:** Not applicable.

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· vPvB: Not applicable.

- 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties For information on endocrine disrupting properties see section 11.
- 12.7 Other adverse effects
- · Remark: Harmful to fish

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Material and/or container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue

08 01 11\* waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- Recommendation:

Empty, dry paint containers (hole made to the bottom) should be taken to collection centres for metallic paint packages. If this collecting/recycling centre doesn't exist, containers can be taken to a local dump pit. For more information contact your local waste disposal authorities or paint deliverer.

SECTION 14: Transport information	on <u> </u>
14.1 UN number or ID number ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name ADR IMDG	PAINT, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS PAINT, MARINE POLLUTANT Marine Pollutant Chemical: Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether, polymers with glycidyl to ether and triethylenetetramine PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	
ADR, IMDG	
Class	3 Flammable liquids.
IATA	3 i iaiiiiiabie iiquius.
Class	3 Flammable liquids.
14.4 Packing group	
ADR, IMDG, IATA	III
14.5 Environmental hazards:  Marine pollutant: Special marking (ADR):	Product contains environmentally hazardous substand Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidyl ether, polymers with glycidyl tolyl ether and triethylenetetram No  The environmental hazardous mark is only applicable packages containing more than 5 litres of liquids.  Symbol (fish and tree)

— G



(EC) 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) 2021/848

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Trade name: Jotamastic 87 (1:1), Jotamastic 87 (1:1) Aluminium Wintergrade Comp. B

	(Contd. of page 10
· 14.6 Special precautions for user · Hazard identification number (Kemler code): · EMS Number:	Warning: Flammable liquids. 30 F-E, <u>S-E</u>
· 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IN instruments	Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	
· ADR	
· Limited quantities (LQ)	5L
Transport category	3
Tunnel restriction code	D/E
·IMDG	
· Limited quantities (LQ)	5L
· UN "Model Regulation":	UN 1263 PAINT, 3, III, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

- 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- · Seveso category

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

E2 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment

P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 200 t
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 500 t
- · REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3
- DIRECTIVE 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment Annex II

None of the ingredients is listed.

- · REGULATION (EU) 2019/1148
- · Annex I RESTRICTED EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS (Upper limit value for the purpose of licensing under Article 5(3))

None of the ingredients is listed.

Annex II - REPORTABLE EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Regulation (EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulation (EC) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Relevant phrases

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

(Contd. on page 12)



(EC) 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) 2021/848

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H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- Contact: Nor-Maali Oy, tel. +358 3 874 650 or sds@nor-maali.fi
- Date of previous version: 02.10.2020
- · Version number of previous version: 7
- Abbreviations and acronyms:

Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids - Category 3

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 1

Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2

Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation - Category 1

Skin Sens. 1B: Skin sensitisation – Category 1B
STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3
STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard – Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 2

Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 3

\* Data compared to the previous version altered.